Appl. Serial No.: 09/831,506 Attorney Docket No.: SCH-1806 Reply Dated <u>July 23, 2003</u>

Reply to Office Action of December 30, 2002

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 2, line 7, to page 5, line 2, with the amended paragraph below.

--It has now been found that compounds of general formula I

$$R^5$$
 R^7
 R^7
 R^3

in which

Α

stands for the group $=NR^2$,

W

stands for oxygen, sulfur, two hydrogen atoms or the

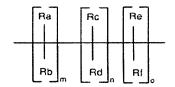
group = NR^8 ,

Z

stands for the group = NR^{10} or =N-,

 $-N(R^{10})$ - $(CH_2)_q$ -, branched or unbranched C_{1-6} alkyl or

the group



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or A, Z and R¹ together form the group

m, n and o

stand for 0-3,

q

stands for 1-6,

 R_a , R_b , R_c , R_d , R_e , R_f

independently of one another, stand for hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyl or the group =NR¹⁰, and/or R_a and/or R_b can form a bond with R_c and/or R_d or R_c can form a bond with R_e and/or R_f or up to two of radicals R_a - R_f can close form a bridge with up to of no more than 3 C-atoms each to form and said bridge is connected to R^1 or R^2 ,

X

stands for the group $=NR^9$ or =N-,

Y

stands for the group $-(CH_2)_p$,

p

stands for 1-4,

 R^1

stands for unsubstituted or, optionally, one or more times with halogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, one or more times with halogen substituted C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy substituted aryl or heteroaryl, with the exception of compounds in which aryl is bonded directly to the =NR² group in the

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meaning of A,

 R^2 stands for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl or with R_a-R_f from Z,

or to R1, forms a bridge with up to 3 ring members with

 R_a - R_f -from Z or to form R_t ,

R³ stands for monocyclic or bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl that

is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in one or more

places with halogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy or hydroxy,

R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R⁷, independently of one another, stand for hydrogen,

halogen, or C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} carboxylalkyl

that is unsubstituted or optionally substituted in one or

more places with halogen,

or R5 and R6 together form the group

 R^8 , R^9 , and R^{10} ,

independently of one another, stand for hydrogen or C_{1-6}

alkyl,

as well as their isomers and salts, stop a tyrosine phosphorylation or persistent angiogenesis and thus prevent the growth and propagation of tumors.--

Please replace the paragraph on page 6, lines 6-8, with the amended paragraph below.

--If up to two of radicals R_a-R_f form a bridge with up to 3 C atoms to R[†] of no more than 3C atoms, and said bridge is connected to R¹, Z together with R¹ is a benzo- or hetaryl-condensed (Ar) cycloalkyl.--

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Please replace the paragraph on page 7, lines 1-3, with the amended paragraph below.

--If one of radicals R_a - R_f closes a bridge to form R^2 forms a bridge connected to R^2 , a nitrogen heterocycle that can be separated from R^1 by a group is formed.--

Please replace the section beginning on page 10, line 9, to page 12, line 6, with the amended section below.

 $--R^1$

stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl or for phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen or trifluoromethyl, or for the group

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whereby phenyl, substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not Page 6 of 39

 R^2

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right in directly bonded to the $=NR^2$ group in the meaning of A,

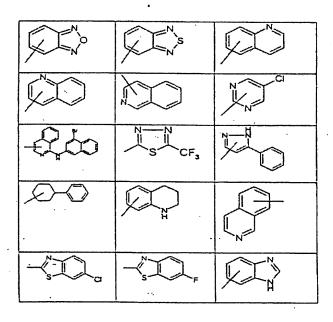
stands for hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl or, with R_a - R_f from Z, or to R^1 , forms a bridge with up to 3 ring members with

Ra-Ra-from Z or to form Ra, --

Please replace the section beginning on page 14, line 8, to page 15, line 3, with the amended section below.

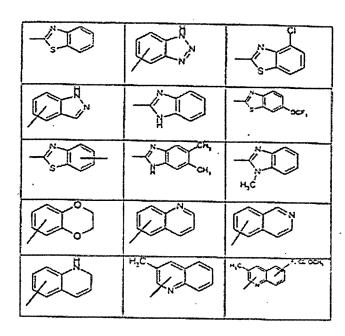
--R1

stands for phenyl, pyridyl, 5-chloro-2,3-dihydroindenyl, 2,3-dihydroindenyl, thienyl, 6-fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl, naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, benzo-1,2,5-oxadiazole, 6,7-dimethoxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl, or for phenyl or pyridyl that is substituted in one or more places with C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl, or for the group



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whereby phenyl, or substituted phenyl or naphthyl is not right in directly bonded to the $=NR^2$ group in the meaning of A,--